

Understanding Keratoconus & the Importance of Early Diagnosis

left patients with few treatment options. Today, Glaukos' iLink procedure with Photrexa® Viscous (riboflavin 5'-phosphate in 20%

Not long ago, a diagnosis of progressive keratoconus

dextran ophthalmic solution), Photrexa® (riboflavin 5'-phosphate ophthalmic solution), and KXL® system are FDA-approved and provide patients with a one-time, minimally invasive therapeutic treatment to limit the progression of their condition.

What is Keratoconus?

[ker-uh-toh-koh-nuh s]

Keratoconus

1. Keratoconus or "KC" is a non-inflammatory

eye condition in which the normally round dome-shaped cornea progressively thins causing a cone-like bulge to develop. This results in significant visual impairment.¹





Keratoconus Affects Both Genders although it is unclear whether significant differences exist between males and females²

among Asian populations, in particular³

Who's Affected by Keratoconus?



The Disease is Also Found in All Ethnic Groups with some studies showing higher incidence rates

Keratoconus



OUT OF / 2,000

is estimated to occur in

persons in the U.S. population

Mildly Excessively Difficulty

Signs & Symptoms of Keratoconus⁵

usually first appear in the late teens and early twenties⁶

Blurred Vision **Rubbing Eyes** Seeing at Night



Eyeglass Prescription



Frequent

Headaches

While the **exact cause** of keratoconus is **unknown**.



Vision that Cannot Be

Corrected with Glasses



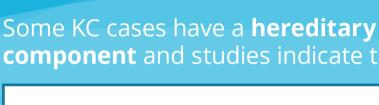
Frequent Changes in

Risk Factors for Keratoconus





it is believed that genetics, the environment and the



component and studies indicate that

~10% OF PATIENTS HAVE AFFECTED RELATIVES®

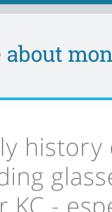
endocrine system all play a role⁷

Importance of Early Detection KC is a progressive condition which worsens over time, so early diagnosis is critical



Example of Keratoconus Progression Over Time*







Intracorneal

Ring Segments

(ICRS)

Specially

designed

of medical

the cornea

implants, made

plastic, surgically

placed under

the surface of

Intracorneal ring

segments are

implanted into

flatten the steep

the cornea to

Corneal

Transplant

Surgery

Surgery to

cornea with

donor tissue

Irregular or

scarred corneal

tissue is replaced

with donor tissue

from a cornea

without

replace part of

Don't wait to call the eye doctor if you notice changes in your child's vision! Ask about iLink FDA-approved cross-linking, clinically proven to limit the progression of this sight-threatening disease.

- Dr. Darcy Wolsey, Eye Institute of Utah

Description

Goals

Treatment options for keratoconus include eyeglasses or soft contact lenses, rigid gas permeable contact lenses, scleral contact lenses, intracorneal ring segment implants, corneal cross-linking or corneal transplant surgery.9

Corneal

Cross-Linking

(CXL)

Minimally invasive

procedure using

riboflavin eye

outpatient

drops plus

UVA light

Specialty

Contact Lenses

(RGP, Scleral,

Hybrid)

RGP lenses are

small diameter

lenses that are

corneal surface.

large diameter

lenses that rest on the sclera (white of the eye) and vault over the cornea. Hybrid lenses are RGP lenses with a soft contact lens surround

Rigid and

specialty lenses

create a smooth,

uniform surface.

Your natural tears

Scleral lenses are

placed on the

rigid contact

Eveglasses or

Soft Contact

Lenses

Prescription

disposable/

Eye glasses

and soft contact

lenses bend rays

of light to focus

images on the

retina inside of

contact lenses

glasses or

reusable

Treatment Options for Keratoconus

Improve vision Improve Improve vision Slow progression Improve while wearing while wearing of keratoconus corneal shape corneal shape and/or clarity

Riboflavin

(Vitamin B2)

eye drops are

activated with

UVA light to create

or a saline additional part of the cone cross-link bonds your eye. solution fill in the into a more keratoconus. How it Works regular shape. space between in the cornea, Usually used for the lens and the making it stiffer. advanced cases when contact cornea, "masking" the irregular lenses can no corneal shape. longer be tolerated or vision is severely compromised. Lenses must be As keratoconus CXL does not Do not slow Recovery precisely fit by to restore visual keratoconus after corneal progresses, the transplantation cornea becomes maintain comfort, function that progression. more irregularly has already been Glasses or contact can be lengthy, enable stable lasting up to 1 lost, and does not shaped. Eye vision and avoid lenses are usually glasses and soft damaging the eye. eliminate the still needed. year. Glasses/ need for glasses contact lenses As keratoconus Patients may contacts are becomes more or contact lenses. can not correct experience usually still Challenges Patients may advanced, contact infection, for the irregular needed, lens fitting inflammation, corneal shape. experience haze, and visual becomes more and/or visual inflammation, fine rehabilitation challenging, and white lines, eye symptoms such as can take several pain, decreased some patients glare or haloes. years. Possible and/or blurred may no longer complications tolerate contact include graft vision. lens wear. rejection, graft failure, infection. Impact Over Lifetime Early diagnosis and treatment allowed Richard and Jessa to be able to continue to do the things they do

Advancements in KC Treatment

A KC diagnosis put Richard's

firefighting career in danger.

Cross-linking helped save it.

effective for progressive keratoconus. - Dr. Kathryn Hatch, Massachusetts Eye and Ear Institute

Now that cross-linking is available clinically, FDA

approved, it is a very exciting time to be a cornea

specialist and be able to have a treatment that is

Find a Corneal Cross-Linking Specialist That is Right for You at LivingWithKC.com



resolution.

healthcare provider.

or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

SOURCES

KXL® System in corneal cross-linking to treat eyes in which the cornea, the clear dome shaped surface that covers the front of the eye, has been weakened from the progression of the disease keratoconus or following

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION should monitor defects in the outermost corneal layer of the eye for

Go to Prescribing Info to obtain the FDA-approved product labeling. You are encouraged to report all side effects to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch,

hotrexa® Viscous (riboflavin 5'-phosphate in 20% dextran ophthalmic solution)

and Photrexa® (riboflavin 5'-phosphate ophthalmic solution) are used with the

3-https://www.nature.com/eye/journal/v14/n4/pdf/eye2000154a.pdf?origin= 4-Kennedy R. H., Bourne W. M., Dyer J. A. A 48-year clinical and epidemiologic study of keratoconus. The American Journal of Ophthalmology. 1986;101(3):267-273. doi: 10.1016/0002-9394(86)90817-2. 5-http://www.nkcf.org/living-keratoconus/

2-https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3775068/)

1-http://www.nkcf.org/about-keratoconus/

6-http://kcglobal.org/content/view/14/26/

8-http://kcglobal.org/content/view/14/26/

thinning-and-bulging-of-the-cornea/

Jessa chose cross-linking to

manage her progessive KC. Now, she can focus on being a teenager.



MA-00819B

refractive surgery, a method for correcting or improving your vision. Tell your healthcare provider if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. Ulcerative keratitis, a potentially serious eye infection, can occur. Your doctor

The most common ocular side effect is haze. Other ocular side effects include inflammation, fine white lines, dry eye, disruption of surface cells, eye pain, light sensitivity, reduced sharpness of vision, and blurred vision. The risk information provided here is not comprehensive. To learn more, talk to your